

Chemical resistance chart

The information in the following table refers to the chemical compatibility of mechanical seals with fluids, and should be considered as a general guideline for an initial orientation in the selection of a mechanical seal. For technical or economic reasons, other types of mechanical seals with different materials than those indicated here may be proposed.

Fluid	Materials					
	I Rotary face	II Stationary face	III Elastomers	IV Springs	V Other metal parts	• Notes
Acetaldehyde	B	V	T	G	G	D
Acetic acid < 30 %	B	V	E	G	G	
Acetic acid ester (Propyl acetate)	B	V	T	G	G	
Acetic acid, glacial	B	V	T	G	G	
Acetic anhydride	B	V	T	G	G	
Acetone	F1	B	E	G	F1	
Acetyl chloride	V	B	V	G	G	
Acetyl salicylic acid	B	V	E	G	G	
Acetylene	V	B	E	G	G	D
Acrylonitrile	Q	Q	T	G	G	D
Adipic acid	G	B	V	G	G	
Alum (ammonia)	Q	Q	P	G	G	
Alum (chrome)	X	B	P	G	G	
Alum (potash)	Q	Q	P	G	G	
Aluminium	V	B	E	G	G	
Aluminium acetate	Q	Q	E	G	F	
Aluminium chloride	V	B	V	G	G	
Aluminium nitrate	V	B	P	G	G	
Aluminium sulphate	Q	Q	V	G	G	
Ammonia and oil	V	B	N	G	G	
Ammonia gas	X	B	E	G	G	D
Ammonia liquid	X	B	E	G	F	
Ammonium acetate < 10%	V	B	E	G	G	
Ammonium bromide < 10%	X	B	P	G	G	
Ammonium carbonate	V	B	E	G	G	D
Ammonium chloride	V	B	E	G	G	D
Ammonium hydrogen carbonate < 10%	V	B	E	G	G	
Ammonium hydroxyde	F1	B	E	G	F1	D
Ammonium nitrate	Q	B	P	G	G	
Ammonium pebulfate < 20 %	V	B	P	G	G	
Ammonium phosphate < 15%	V	B	P	G	G	
Ammonium sulfide	V	B	P	G	G	
Ammonium sulphate < 10 %	Q	Q	P	G	G	
Amyl acetate	V	B	E	G	G	
Amyl alcohol	F1	B	E	G	F1	
Amyl benzoate	F1	B	E	G	F1	
Amyl butyrate	F1	B	E	G	F1	
Amyl formate	F1	B	E	G	F1	
Amyl nitrate	F1	B	E	G	F1	
Amyl propionate	F1	B	E	G	F1	
Aniline	G	B	T	G	G	
Anthracene	Q	Q	V	G	G	
Arachic oil (peanut oil)	V	B	P	G	G	
Arsenic acid	V	B	V	G	G	D
Ascorbic acid	V	B	E	G	G	
Barium chloride	V	B	E	M2	M2	D
Barium hydroxide	V	B	P	G	G	
Barium nitrate	Q	Q	P	G	G	
Barium sulfide	V	B	P	G	G	
Barium sulphate	V	B	E	G	G	
Beer	X	B	V	G	F	
Benzene (benzol)	F1	B	V	G	F1	
Benzoic acid	V	B	V	G	G	
Borax (solution)	Q	Q	E	G	G	
Boric acid	Q	Q	P	G	G	
Brine	Q	B2	V	G	G	
Bromemethane	F1	B	V	G	F1	D
Butadiene	V	B	E	G	G	D
Butane	F1	B	V	G	F1	
Buthyl alcohol	X	B	P	G	F	
Butter	X	B	P	G	F	
Butyl benzoate	F1	B	E	G	F1	
Butyl butyrate	F1	B	E	G	F1	

Fluid	Materials					
	I Rotary face	II Stationary face	III Elastomers	IV Springs	V Other metal parts	• Notes
Butyl cellosolve	Y	V	T	G	G	
Butyl formate	F1	B	E	G	F1	
Butyl lactate	F1	B	E	G	F1	
Butyl phosphate	F1	B	E	G	F1	
Butyl phthalate	F1	B	E	G	F1	
Butylamine	B	V	T	G	G	
Butylene	F1	B	V	G	F1	
Butyric acid	V	B	T	G	G	
Calcium acetate	V	B	E	G	G	
Calcium carbonate	Q	Q	P	G	G	
Calcium chloride	Q	B2	V	G	G	
Calcium hydrogen sulphate < 10%	X	B	P	G	F	
Calcium hydroxide > 10 %	Q	Q	P	G	G	*
Calcium hypochlorite 10 %	C1	V	E	G	G	
Calcium nitrate	X	B	P	G	G	
Calcium phosphate	B	V	P	G	G	
Calcium sulfide	V	B	P	G	G	
Camphor	Q	Q	T	G	G	
Carbinol	X	B	P	G	G	
Carbitol	G	B	T	G	G	
Carbolic acid	G	B	V	G	G	
Carbon dioxide	Q	B	P	G	G	
Carbon disulfide	G	B	T	G	G	D
Carbon monoxide	G	B	E	G	G	D
Carbon tetrachloride	V	B	V	G	G	
Carbonic acid	Q	B	E	G	G	
Carbonic anhydride	V	B	P	G	G	D
Castor oil	V	B	P	G	G	
Cellulose acetate	V	B	T	G	G	D
Cheese	Q	Q	V	G	F	D
Choline, dry	Y	V	V	G	G	*/D
Chlorine solvents	V	B	T	G	G	
Chlorine, wet	Y	V	V	M1	M1	*
Chlorobenzene	G	B	V	G	G	
Chloroethane	F1	B	V	G	F1	
Chloroform	Q	B	V	G	F	
Chloromethane	G	B	V	G	G	
Chloropentane	G	B	V	G	G	
Chromic acid	Q	Q	V	G	G	D
Citric acid	X	B	E	G	G	
Cocoonut oil	V	B	P	G	G	
Cod liver oil	V	B	P	G	G	
Coffee	X	B	P	G	F	
Copper chloride	Q	Q	V	G	G	*
Copper cyanide	V	B2	P	G	G	D
Copper sulphate	V	B	P	G	G	
Cresol	G	B	T	G	G	
Cresylic acid	G	B	V	G	G	
Cumene	G	B	V	G	G	
Decahydronaphthalene F1	B	V	G	F1		
Diacetone alcohol	G	B	E	G	G	
Dichloroacetic acid	Y	B	T	M1	M1	
Dichlorobenzene	G	B	V	G	G	
Dichloroethane	G	B	T	G	G	
Dichloroethylene	G	B	V	G	G	
Dichloromethane	G	B	V	G	G	
Diethanolamine	G	B	T	G	G	
Diethyl carbonate	V	B	E	G	G	
Diethyl phthalate	G	B	T	G	G	
Diethylamine	G	B	T	G	G	
Diethylene glycol	F1	B	P	G	F1	
Dimethyl sulphoxide	G	V	B	G	G	
Dimethyl formamide	B	V	T	G	G	
Dimethyl phthalate	G	B	V	G	G	
Dinitrochlorobenzene	G	B	T	G	G	

CHEMICAL RESISTANCE CHART

Materials					
I	II	III	IV	V	•
Rotary face	Stationary face	Elastomers	Springs	Other metal parts	Notes

Fluid

Diocetyl phthalate	G	B	T	G	G
Dirty water	Q	Q	P	G	F
Distilled water	X	B	P	G	F
Drinking water	X	B	P	G	F
Epichlorohydrin	V	B	T	M2	M2 D
Essences	G	B	E	G	G
Ethane	Q	B	V	G	F
Ethanodiol	X	B	P	G	F
Ethanol	X	B	P	G	F
Ethanolamine	G	B	T	G	G
Ethyl acetate	V	B	T	G	G
Ethyl alcohol (etanol)	X	B	P	G	F
Ethyl benzoate	G	B	V	G	G
Ethyl butyrate	G	B	E	G	G
Ethyl chloride	B	V	T	G	G
Ethyl formate	F1	B	E	G	F1
Ethyl phthalate	F1	B	E	G	F1
Ethyl propionate	F1	B	E	G	F1
Ethyl sulphate	F1	B	E	G	F1
Ethylene oxide (gas T)	V	B	T	G	G D
Ethylene	Q	B	V	G	F
Ethylene chloride	V	B	T	G	G
Ethylene glycol	X	B	E	G	F
Fat	Q	Q	P	G	F
Fatty acids	V	B	V	G	G
Ferric chloride	Y	V	P	G	G *
Ferric sulphate < 20 %	B	V	P	G	G
Ferrous sulphate < 20 %	B	V	P	G	G
Food products	Q	Q	P	G	G *
Formaldehyde	V	B	T	G	G D
Formic acid	B	V	E	M1	M1
Formic acid > 40° C	Q1	B2	K	G	G
Freon 11	Q	B2	T	G	F
Freon 112	F1	B	V	G	F1
Freon 113	X	B	N	G	F
Freon 114	X	B	N	G	F
Freon 115	X	B	N	G	F
Freon 12	X	B	N	G	F
Freon 13	X	B	N	G	F
Freon 14	X	B	N	G	F
Freon 21	Q	B2	T	G	F
Freon 22	F1	B	N	G	F1
Freon 31	F1	B	N	G	F1
Freon 32	F1	B	N	G	F1
Freon TF	X	B	P	G	F
Fruit (juice)	V	B	P	G	G
Fumaric acid	V	B	P	G	G
Furfural	Q	Q	T	G	G
Furfuryl alcohol	Q	Q	T	G	G
Gallic acid	V	B2	V	G	G
Gas oil	X	B	V	G	F
Gas town	V	B	V	G	G D
Gelatine	Q	Q	P	G	F
Glucose	F1	B	V	G	F1
Glycerine	Q	B2	P	G	F
Glycol ethylene	X	B	E	G	F
Grain oil	V	B	P	G	G
Grape juice	Q	Q	P	G	F
Heavy water	G	B	P	G	G
Helium	V	B	E	G	G D
Heptane	G	B	V	G	G
Hexane	G	B	V	G	G
Hexanone	G	B	T	G	G
Hidraulic oil	F1	A	P	G	F1
Hydrazine	V	B	E	G	G *
Hydrochloric acid	V	B2	V	G	G *
Hydrocyanic	V	B2	V	G	G
Hydrocyanic acid	V	B	E	G	G
Hydrofluoric acid 40 %	T	Y	T	G	T */D
Hydrogen	F1	B	P	G	F1 D
Hydrogen peroxide	Y	V	V	G	G D
Hydrogen sulphide	Y	V	V	G	G
Ice-cream	V	B2	P	G	G
Ink	V	B	V	G	G
Iodine	Y	V	V	G	G
Isoamyl alcohol	V	B	E	G	G
Kerosene	F1	B	V	G	F1
Lactic acid	G	B	V	G	G

Materials					
I	II	III	IV	V	•
Rotary face	Stationary face	Elastomers	Springs	Other metal parts	Notes

Fluid

Lard	Q	Q	P	G	F
Lead nitrate	V	B2	P	G	G
Linseed oil	V	B	P	G	G
Liquers	G	B	V	G	G
Lubricants	F1	A	P	G	F1
Lubricating oil	F1	A	E	G	F1
Lysoform	G	B	T	G	G
Magnesium chloride > 5%	V	B	E	M1	M1
Magnesium hydroxide < 10 %	V	B	E	G	G
Magnesium sulphate	V	B	E	G	G
Maleic acid	V	B	V	G	G
Maleic anhydride	Q	B	T	G	G
Malic acid	V	M	P	G	G
Malonic acid	G	B	P	G	G
Manganese chloride	G	B	V	G	G
Manganese nitrate	V	B	E	G	G
Manganese sulphate	G	B	V	G	G
Mayonnaise	Q	Q	P	G	F
Mercaptane (ethyl mercaptane)	V	B	T	G	G D
Mercury chloride	V	B	E	G	G D
Mercury nitrate	V	B	V	G	G
Methane	Q	B2	T	G	F D
Methanol	G	B	E	G	G
Methyl acetate	G	B	T	G	G
Methyl acrylate	G	B	T	G	G
Methyl alcohol (methanol)	X	B	P	G	F
Methyl benzoate	G	B	V	G	G
Methyl bromide	V	B	V	G	G
Methyl butyrate	G	B	T	G	G
Methyl formate	G	B	T	G	G
Methyl methacrylate	G	B	T	G	G
Methyl propionate	G	B	T	G	G
Methylamina	G	B	T	G	G
Methyl-butyl ketone	V	B	E	G	G
Methylchloride	G	B	V	G	G D
Methylene chloride	G	B	T	G	G
Methylene oxide	G	B	T	G	G
Methyl-ethyl ketone	G	B	E	G	G
Methyl-isobutyl ketone	G	B	E	G	G
Milk 100 ° C	V	B	E	G	G
Mineral oil	F1	A	P	G	F1
Molasses	Q	Q	P	G	F
Naphtalene	Q	Q	V	G	F
Naphtha	F1	A	V	G	F1
Nickel chloride	V	B	P	G	G
Nickel sulphate	V	B	P	G	G
Nitric acid < 20 %	V	B2	V	G	G
Nitric acid > 20 %	Q	Q	T	G	G
Nitro benzene	G	B	T	G	G
Nitro solvents	V	B	T	G	G
Nitrocellulose	Q	Q	T	G	F
Nitrogen	V	B	P	G	G D
Nitroglycerine	F1	B	V	G	F1
Nonil phenol	G	B	V	G	G
Octyl alcohol	F1	B	E	G	F1
Oil (cutting soluble)	F1	A	P	G	F1
Oil (domestic fuel)	Q	Q	P	G	F
Oil (paraffin base)	V	B2	V	G	G
Oil (transformer)	F1	A	P	G	F1
Oil and ammonium	F1	B	N	G	F1
Oleic acid	V	B	T	G	G
Olive oil	V	B	P	G	G
Oven gas	G	B2	V	G	G D
Oxalic acid	V	B	E	G	G
Oxigen (gas)	Y	V	V	G	G */D
Ozone	Y	V	E	G	G D
P.V.A. (polyvinyl acetate)	Q	Q	E	G	G
P.V.C. (polyvinyl chloride)	Q	Q	E	G	G
Palmitic acid	V	B	V	G	G
Paraffins	F1	B	V	G	F1
Pentane	F1	B	V	G	F1
Perchloro etylene	V	B	V	G	G
Petrol < 97 octanes	V	B	P	G	G
Petrol > 97 octanes	V	B	V	G	G
Petroleum	Q	Q	V	G	G

CHEMICAL RESISTANCE CHART

Materials					
I	II	III	IV	V	•
Rotary face	Stationary face	Elastomers	Springs	Other metal parts	Notes

Fluide

Petroleum (kerosene)	F1	B	V	G	F1
Petroleum ether	F1	B	V	G	F1
Petroleum oil	F1	A	P	G	F1
Phenol	G	B	V	G	G
Phenoloctyl	G	B	T	G	G
Pheny chloride	G	B	V	G	G
Phosphoric acid < 10 %	V	B2	E	G	G
Phosphoric acid concentrated	V	Y	V	M1	M1
Phthalic acid	V	B	T	G	G D
Phthalic anhydride	Q	Q	T	G	G
Picric acid	V	B	V	G	G
Potassium acetate	V	B	E	G	G
Potassium bromide	Q	Q	T	G	G
Potassium carbonate	V	B	P	G	G
Potassium chlorate	V	B	T	G	G
Potassium chloride	V	B	P	M2	M2
Potassium cyanide	V	B	P	G	G D
Potassium hydrogen carbonate	V	B	P	G	G
Potassium phosphate	V	B	V	G	G
Potassium silicate	V	B	P	G	G
Potassium sulphate	V	B	P	G	G
Propane	F1	B2	P	G	F1
Propellant	G	B	T	G	G
Propil acetate	Y	V	T	G	G
Propionate butyl	F1	B	E	G	F1
Propionic acid	B	V	T	G	G
Propyl benzoate	F1	B	E	G	F1
Propyl butyrate	F1	B	E	G	F1
Propyl formate	F1	B	E	G	F1
Propyl phthalate	F1	B	E	G	F1
Propyl propionate	F1	B	E	G	F1
Propylene	Q	B	V	G	G D
Propylene glycol	F1	B	V	G	F1
Propylene oxide	V	B	T	G	G D
Pyridine	G	B	T	G	G
Pyrogallic acid	V	B	V	G	G
Rapeseed oil	G	B	V	G	G
Resin (alkyd)	Q	Q	V	G	G D
Resin (melamine)	Q	Q	T	G	G D
Resin (phenolic)	Q	Q	V	G	G D
Salicylic acid	V	B	E	G	G
Sandy water (high concentration)	Q	Q	P	G	F
Sea (salt) water	V	B	P	G	G
Silicone liquid	Q	B	E	G	F
Silicone oil	F1	A	E	G	F1
Soap solution	X	B	P	G	F
Sodium acetate >10%	V	B	E	G	G D
Sodium carbonate	V	B	P	G	G
Sodium chloride < 10%	V	B	E	G	G D
Sodium citrate	Q	Q	E	G	G
Sodium cyanide	V	B	P	G	G D
Sodium dichromate	Y	B	T	G	G
Sodium disulfite	V	B	P	G	G
Sodium hydrogen carbonate	V	B	P	G	G
Sodium hydrogen sulphate < 20%	V	B	P	G	G
Sodium hydroxide < 10 %	Q	Q	E	G	F
Sodium hydroxide > 10 %	Q	Q	E	G	F D
Sodium hypochlorite	Y	V	V	M1	M1 *
Sodium nitrate	V	B	E	G	G
Sodium silicate	Q	Q	P	G	G
Sodium sulfide	V	B	P	G	G
Sodium sulfide < 2 %	V	B	P	G	G
Sodium sulphate	Q	Q	P	G	G
Sodium tetraborate	Q	Q	E	G	G
Sodium thiocyanate	V	B	P	G	G D
Sodium thiosulfate	V	B	E	G	G
Soyabean oil	V	B	P	G	G
Starch	Q	Q	E	G	F *
Stearic acid	V	B	T	G	G
Stoddard solvent	G	B	V	G	G
Styrene	Q	Q	T	G	G
Succinic acid	V	B	E	G	G
Sugar juice	V	B	P	G	G

Materials					
I	II	III	IV	V	•
Rotary face	Stationary face	Elastomers	Springs	Other metal parts	Notes

Fluide

Sugar juice < 10 %	Q	Q	P	G	G
Sugar juice > 10 %	Q	Q	P	G	G */D
Sulphonated oils	V	B2	V	G	G
Sulphuric acid < 10 %	V	B2	V	G	G
Sulphuric acid < 35 %	Y	V	V	M	M
Sulphuric acid concentrated	Y	V	V	M	M *
Tannic acid	V	B	P	G	G
Tannin	V	B	P	G	G
Tartaric acid	V	B	P	G	G
Tetrachloro ethane	V	B	V	G	G
Tetrachloro ethylene	V	B	V	G	G
Tetrahydrofuron	V	B	T	G	G
Thermic oil	F1	A	V	G	F1
Toluene	V	B	V	G	G
Tomatoe juice	Q	Q	P	G	G
Tooth paste	Q	Q	P	G	F *
Trichloro acetic acid < 50 %	V	B2	T	G	G
Trichloro ethane	G	B	T	G	G
Trichloro ethylene	V	B	V	G	G
Tricresyl phosphate	V	B	E	G	G
Triethanolamine	G	B	T	G	G
Triethylamine	V	B	P	G	G
Turpentine	X	B	P	G	F1
Turpentine	X	B	P	G	F
Urea	V	B	T	G	G D
Urea formaldehyde resins	Q	Q	T	G	G D
Varnish	Q	Q	V	G	G D
Varnish (solvent nitro)	Q	Q	T	G	G D
Vegetable oil	F1	A	P	G	F1
Vinegar	F1	B	E	G	F1
Vinyl acetate	G	B	T	G	G
Vinyl chloride	Q	Q	T	G	G D
Viscose	Q	Q	T	G	G D
Water	X	B	P	G	F
Water (de-ionised)	G	B	P	G	G
Water (demineralised)	X	B	P	G	F
Water (detergent)	X	B	P	G	F
Water (mud)	Q	Q	P	G	F
Water (sandy)	Q	Q	P	G	F
Water (soapy)	X	B	P	G	F
Water < 140 °C	Q	B2	E	G	F
Water < 90 °C	V	B	P	G	F
Water and oil (emulsion)	F1	A	P	G	F1
Wax	F1	B	V	G	F1
Whisky	X	B	P	G	F
Wine	X	B	P	G	F
Xylene (xylol)	V	B	V	G	G
Zinc chloride	V	B	P	G	G
Zinc cyanide	V	B	P	G	G D
Zinc nitrate	V	B	P	G	G
Zinc sulphate 2 %	V	B	P	G	G D

D: Back to back double seal assembly (with barrier fluid compatible with the product at a pressure of 1,5 to 2 Bar above the pressure of the pressure to be sealed).

*: Consult a technical office.